

Level 3 Senior Equine Groom ST0167

End-Point Assessment Specification

October 2023

Contents

ntroduction	3
Overview of the Senior Equine Groom Apprenticeship	3
Gateway Requirements	4
End-Point Assessment Methods	4
Practical Observation	5
Professional Discussion Informed by a Portfolio	6
Knowledge Test	7
Overall Grading	7
Re-sits and Re-takes	8
Certification	9
Appendix A: KSBs Mapped to Assessment Methods	10
Annendix B: Grading Descriptors	21

Introduction

End-point assessment (or EPA) is an important part of the apprenticeship. Taken at the end of the apprenticeship programme, the EPA demonstrates that an apprentice has all of the knowledge, skills and behaviours required to carry out their role on a day-to-day basis. The assessments must be completed by an approved independent end-point assessment organisation such as VetSkill.

This specification document provides a summary of the Senior Equine Groom end-point assessment. A full range of support materials are available for users of VetSkill's EPA service.

Overview of the Senior Equine Groom Apprenticeship

The Senior Equine Groom will provide for and coordinate the day to day care of the horses in the workplace. They will possess all the necessary skills to lead by example and will have the knowledge required to implement effective systems relating to the running of the yard. They will be capable of organising and monitoring the quality of work and ordering and maintaining supplies.

The Senior Equine Groom is a fundamental occupational role in all equine businesses. They can expect to handle and provide exercise for a variety of horses in different working environments. They must adhere to safe working practices, be prepared to work in all weather conditions and often in 'out of hours' situations. They will be required to have dedication, commitment and the physical and mental toughness to cope with the rigours of the role. Living onsite for part or all of the duration of the apprenticeship may also be necessary. The occupation requires competent individuals committed to the safety and welfare of horses in their care. The Senior Equine Groom will be capable of looking after a small to medium sized equine yard and supervising a diverse team of workers. They will be capable of offering advice, support and guidance to their team, whilst possessing appropriate people skills necessary for their chosen sector. They will be required to have a sound base of experience and knowledge and have the right empathy so as to promote the horses' physical and psychological well-being within a safe working environment. The Senior Equine Groom will have a sound knowledge of horse anatomy and physiology and the ability to assess and promote health. They will be able to recognise and treat common minor injuries and ailments. They will be capable of presenting horses to a high standard and can demonstrate the skills required to groom, plait and clip horses. The Senior Equine Groom apprentice will need to decide in which sector of the industry they wish to be progress and select the appropriate occupational route.

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Gateway Requirements

Gateway is the point at which the employer, training provider and apprentice agree that the onprogramme stage of the apprenticeship is complete and that the requirements to take the endpoint assessment have been met.

To pass through Gateway and take the EPA the apprentice must produce evidence that they have:

- completed a minimum of 12 months of training
- evidence of a minimum of 6 hours per week off-the-job training
- completed a portfolio
- confirmation that the apprentice is consistently working at, or above, the level set out in the
 Apprenticeship Standard
- achieved Level 2 English and mathematics

End-Point Assessment Methods

The EPA will span one day for the Practical Observation and Professional Discussion Informed by portfolio and will usually be conducted at the apprentice's normal work location. The Knowledge Test is taken separately under exam conditions and the Apprentice must achieve a minimum pass mark of 70% in order to proceed to the Practical Observation and Professional Discussion informed by the Portfolio.

The assessments delivered will take account of the occupational route selected by the apprentice during the on-programme period: -

- Breeding
- Driving
- Racing
- Riding
- Non-Riding

Practical Observation

Duration	6 hours
Location	Apprentice's workplace
Grade	Graded Fail / Pass / Distinction

The apprentice will be observed whilst completing a practical assessment as part of their normal duties in the workplace, through naturally occurring evidence. They will be expected to demonstrate the Knowledge, Skills and Behaviours (KSBs) they have learned through completion of the apprenticeship process, in accordance with the Standard.

Observations make use of employer resources and equipment which will be familiar to the apprentice and allow them to perform at their best. Questions are used to clarify the depth of the learner's Knowledge, Skills and Behaviours, where this is required, by probing further into detail where the apprentice has only partially covered the Pass or Distinction criteria, and further clarification is needed to ensure criteria have been met.

It is expected that the observation will cover the majority of the criteria and KSBs which require assessment, however it may not be practical to cover every area due to seasonal or other reasons (e.g. foaling is not occurring at the time, there is no racing or transport activity on that day). Any Skill that cannot potentially be observed in the Practical Observation is marked with an * in Appendix A and must be evidenced in the Portfolio to inform the Professional Discussion, allowing a cumulative approach and the opportunity to demonstrate full competency. Any Skill not marked with an * in Appendix A must be observed in the Practical Observation.

Apprentices will be provided with information on the format of the observation, including timescale, before the start of the observation. The time taken to give this information is exclusive of the assessment time.

Professional Discussion Informed by a Portfolio

Duration	75-90 minutes	
Location	Any suitable location (normally employer's premises)	
Grade Fail / Pass / Distinction		

The discussion takes place after the Knowledge Test (once passed) and Practical Observation under controlled conditions. It has been designed to take place face-to-face in the apprentice's normal workplace; in a suitable location where the apprentice will not be interrupted or distracted.

It is a structured discussion between the apprentice and independent assessor and will explore evidence for areas of the Knowledge, Skills and Behaviours from the Standard that have not been assessed in the Knowledge Test or Practical Observation or areas that require further clarification.

This will include areas of the Standard that have not been observed due to seasonal or other reasons and will provide the opportunity for the Apprentice to use the evidence from their portfolio to illustrate their professional competence.

In the portfolio the apprentice will document evidence collected from written work, small projects, progress review information, earlier workplace observations, videos, photographs and customer comments. The portfolio will contain core and route specific evidence, which will vary according to the route taken. The Skills and Behaviours marked with an asterisk (*) in Appendix A will be a minimum requirement for the portfolio and should cover the Knowledge, Skills and Behaviours that could potentially not be seen on the day due to seasonal or other reasons. Any activity not marked with an * must be seen during the Practical Observation by the assessor.

The discussion provides the opportunity for the apprentice to synoptically demonstrate core and specific Knowledge, Skills and Behaviours. It will also cover the Senior Equine Groom apprentice's achievements, the standard of their work and their approach as well as test the currency, validity and coverage of the evidence presented within their Portfolio. The portfolio itself is not assessed nor graded during the Discussion.

Page **6** of **45**

Controlled by:	Created/Updated:	Version:
EPAO	06/10/2023	v1.0

Knowledge Test

Duration	90 minutes	
Location	Any suitable location as per VetSkill's Remote Invigilation Policy	
Grade	Fail / Pass / Distinction	

The Knowledge Test, carried out prior to the Practical Observation and Professional Discussion, is designed to cover areas of knowledge in the Standard that cannot be inferred from the observation of the skills and behaviours within the role e.g. horse anatomy, health and welfare, principles of how horses behave and learn. It consists of 45 multiple-choice questions and five extended answer questions and cover the knowledge criteria as set out in Appendix A for both core and route-specific knowledge.

The apprentice must take the knowledge test in a suitably controlled environment that is a quiet space and free from distractions and influence. Access to reference books or materials is not allowed.

The Apprentice must achieve a minimum pass mark of 70% in order to proceed to the Practical Observation and Professional Discussion informed by the Portfolio.

Overall Grading

This apprenticeship includes Fail, Pass and Distinction grades. To achieve a Pass grade apprentices will competently perform their role, demonstrating application of the Knowledge, Skills and Behaviours

as set out in the assessment tools. A final grade will be awarded in line with the criteria in the table below.

Pa	ige :	7 of	45
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Controlled by:	Created/Updated:	Version:
EPAO	06/10/2023	v1.0

Table: Overall Grading

Assessment method 1 - Practical Observation	Assessment method 2 - Professional Discussion Informed by portfolio	Assessment method 3 – Knowledge test	Overall grading
Distinction	Distinction	90%	Distinction
Pass	Pass	70%	Pass
The apprentice has not achieved a minimum of 70% in the Knowledge Test or a pass in the Practical Observation or Professional Discussion			Fail

- To achieve a pass the apprentice must meet all the assessment criteria to demonstrate all Knowledge, Skills and Behaviour statements as set out in the assessment tools. The statements in Appendix A and the grading descriptors in Appendix B will provide a basis for these assessment criteria.
- To achieve a Distinction the apprentice will have to achieve a higher score in the Knowledge
 Test (90%) and meet a higher set of assessment criteria as set out in the Assessment tools
 and based on the Grade Descriptors in Appendix B in the Knowledge; Skills and Behaviours
 (Core and chosen Occupational Route) of the Standard.

Re-sits and Re-takes

Where an apprentice fails one or more assessment methods, a re-sit(s)/re-take(s) may be allowed, provided it is within the EPA period of six months from Gateway, in accordance with the assessment plan for this Standard.

Re-sits/re-takes outside of this six-month period would require all elements of the EPA to be undertaken again. Each individual case will be jointly discussed between the employer and VetSkill and any action, if agreed, will be at the discretion of the employer. Re-sits are not permitted as a means for improving a grade, eg, from a Pass to a Distinction. A re-take is where the apprentice requires further learning/training, whereas a re-sit does not; apprentices who require a re-take should have a support plan agreed to prepare them for this.

Certification

VetSkill will apply for the Apprenticeship Certificate within 20 working days of providing the overall result for the apprentice's End-point Assessment. The ESFA will issue and send the Apprenticeship Certificate to the apprentice's employer by recorded delivery; this can take up to 20 further days from application by VetSkill.

Appendix A: KSBs Mapped to Assessment Methods

A Senior Equine Groom will work in one of the following five route-specific industry environments: Breeding (B), Driving (D), Racing (RA), Riding (RI) or Non-Riding (NR). The Apprentice will need to demonstrate the core Knowledge, Skills and Behaviours detailed below, plus the specialist Knowledge and Skills for the route-specific environment.

Knowledge, Skills and Behaviours to be assessed by each assessment method

Assessment method
Practical Observation
Professional Discussion informed by a portfolio
Knowledge Test

A reference code has been assigned to each of the Knowledge, Skills and Behaviours (K, S & B) required in the Standard for both the core (C) and the chosen route (Breeding (B), Driving (D), Racing (RA), Riding (RI) or Non-Riding (NR).

There are designated **Primary** and **Secondary** Methods of Assessment for each K, S & B statement. The reason for this is due to the synoptic nature of the Assessment Methods. Whilst the Knowledge will primarily be tested in the Knowledge Test and the Skills in the Practical Observation, the Professional Discussion and Portfolio will evidence all underlying Knowledge, Skills and Behaviours. For this reason, it will be designated as the secondary method of assessment for the Knowledge and Skills and should be used to support and not replace the Primary Assessment Methods.

Mapping of knowledge, skills and behaviours (KSBs) KNOWLEDGE	PRIMARY AND SEC METHODS OF ASSI	
CK1 : Current health, safety and security requirements, policies and procedures including Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).	Knowledge Test	Professional Discussion
CK2 : Current Rules and Codes of Practice and ethics relevant to the workplace.	Knowledge Test	Professional Discussion

Page **10** of **45**

Controlled by:	Created/Updated:	Version:
EPAO	06/10/2023	v1.0

CK3: The principles of current employment rights and	Knowledge Test	Professional
responsibilities.		Discussion
CK4: The organisation of yard and field duties, rotas and	Knowledge Test	Professional
routines		Discussion
CK5: Requirements for stocks and supplies of feed and	Knowledge Test	Professional
bedding.		Discussion
CK6: The preparation and maintenance of different types of	Knowledge Test	Professional
stabling and grassland.		Discussion
CK7: How to assess the risk of disease outbreak and the	Knowledge Test	Professional
measures to prevent and control the spread of disease.		Discussion
CK8: The need for and how to work in an environmentally	Knowledge Test	Professional
sustainable manner.		Discussion
CK9 : Anatomy and physiology, to include conformation, main	Knowledge Test	Professional
superficial muscles, structure of the lower leg and the		Discussion
respiratory and circulatory systems.		
CK10 : How to assess welfare (including health), condition and	Knowledge Test	Professional
fitness.		Discussion
CK11 : Common minor ailments, injuries and administering	Knowledge Test	Professional
first aid and treatments.		Discussion
CK12: Procedures for isolation and sick nursing.	Knowledge Test	Professional
		Discussion
CK13 : The importance of monitoring temperature, pulse and	Knowledge Test	Professional
respiration rates.		Discussion
CK14 : Medication control procedures and accepted protocol.	Knowledge Test	Professional
		Discussion
CK15 : Appropriate methods of handling and restraint and	Knowledge Test	Professional
their use in different circumstances.		Discussion
CK16 : Procedures for grooming, clipping, trimming, pulling	Knowledge Test	Professional
and plaiting a range of horses in preparation for different		Discussion
types of work, competition, public appearance and veterinary		
procedures.		
CK17 : The horse's foot, shoeing and different types of shoes	Knowledge Test	Professional
and how to remove a loose or twisted shoe.		Discussion
CK18 : Nutritional requirements including hydration for a	Knowledge Test	Professional
variety of horses in different types of work.		Discussion
CK19: Fitness requirements and programmes for a variety of	Knowledge Test	Professional
horses in different disciplines.		Discussion
CK20: Requirements when planning travel for horses	Knowledge Test	Professional
including equipment, supplies and documentation.		Discussion
CK21: The current legislation and procedures relating to	Knowledge Test	Professional
loading, unloading and travelling horses.		Discussion

CK22: The benefits and practice of various forms of non-	Knowledge Test	Professional
ridden exercise including lunging and long-reining. Different		Discussion
lunging/long-reining equipment and methods.		
SKILL	PRIMARY AND SECONDARY	
	METHODS OF ASSESSMENT	
CS1: Promote, monitor and maintain safe working practices	Practical	Professional
at all times and comply with current health, safety and	Observation	Discussion
security policies and procedures (including PPE).		
CS2: Contribute to risk assessments.	Practical	Professional
	Observation	Discussion
CS3: Organise, supervise and carry out all yard and field	Practical	Professional
duties, day-to-day rotas and routines including liaising with	Observation	Discussion
vet, farrier and other visiting specialists.		
CS4: Maintain and organise basic yard-based records	Practical	Professional
including farrier, worming, vaccinations, etc.	Observation	Discussion
CS5: Monitor, maintain and assess quality of stocks and	Practical	Professional
supplies of feed and bedding.	Observation	Discussion
CS6: Evaluate, prepare and maintain stabling and grassland	Practical	Professional
for horses.	Observation	Discussion
CS7: Manage horses stabled and at grass.	Practical	Professional
	Observation	Discussion
CS8: Implement measures to prevent and control the spread	Practical	Professional
of disease.	Observation	Discussion
CS9 : Coordinate waste minimisation, environmental and	Practical	Professional
sustainable working practices.	Observation	Discussion
CS10 : Supervise admission of a new horse and carry out an	Practical	Professional
initial assessment, to include record keeping and health	Observation	Discussion
status.		
CS11: Identify and discuss main superficial muscles and	Practical	Professional
structure of the lower leg and foot.	Observation	Discussion
CS12 : Assess and evaluate a horse including conformation,	Practical	Professional
action, condition and fitness.	Observation	Discussion
CS13: Assess welfare (including health), recognise and treat	Practical	Professional
common minor ailments and injuries.	Observation	Discussion
CS14: Administer first aid and treatments under veterinary	Practical	Professional
advice to include poultices, dressings and bandages.	Observation	Discussion
CS15: Administer permitted oral and topical treatments	Practical	Professional
under direction	Observation	Discussion
CS16 : Take temperature, pulse and respiration rates of the	Practical	Professional
horse.	Observation	Discussion
CS17: Identify and use appropriate methods to handle or	Practical	Professional
restrain a horse.	Observation	Discussion

CS18 : Prepare a range of horses for different types of work or	Practical	Professional
competition to include grooming, clipping, trimming, pulling	Observation	Discussion
and plaiting.		
CS19 : Recognise and discuss hoof balance. Demonstrate the	Practical	Professional
correct procedure for removal of a shoe in line with current	Observation	Discussion
legislation.		
CS20: Plan and implement diets and feeding regimes.	Practical	Professional
	Observation	Discussion
CS21: Organise the feed room and stock rotation.	Practical	Professional
	Observation	Discussion
CS22: Coordinate the preparation for travelling horses	Practical	Professional
including supplies, equipment, etc.	Observation	Discussion
CS23: Plan the transportation of horses by road taking into	Practical	Professional
account current guidelines, documentation requirements and	Observation	Discussion
procedures.		
CS24: Prepare a horse for transport, load and unload safely	Practical	Professional
following current health and safety protocol.	Observation	Discussion
CS25: Supervise and care for horses during and after	Practical	Professional
transportation.	Observation	Discussion
CS26: Prepare and lunge a horse for exercise using various	Practical	Professional
types of equipment appropriately.	Observation	Discussion
BEHAVIOUR	PRIMARY AND SECONDARY METHODS OF ASSESSMENT	
CB1: Safe Working	Practical	Professional
Promote, monitor and enhance safe working practices, which	Observation	Discussion
must be adhered to at all times with constant situational		
awareness and adaptability to ensure safety of the horse,		
themselves and others.		
CB2 (*): Work Ethic	Practical	Professional
Have a strong work ethic, be a good role model and mentor	Observation	Discussion
for others. Be respectful, punctual, reliable, trustworthy and		
diligent and be prepared to work irregular hours, in all		
weather conditions. Work effectively and encourage		
efficiency to meet time deadlines and organisational		
requirements. Take a pride in their work showing		
commitment and loyalty whilst conducting themselves in a		
professional manner.		
CB3 (*): Responsibility	Practical	Professional
Assume a role of responsibility in the workplace. Organise	Observation	Discussion
themselves, delegate tasks, supervise and monitor others		
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and the equines in their care. Show respect, empathy,		

patience and tolerance in all situations. Work with methods		
that reduce risk of injury to the horse, themselves or others.		
CB4 (*): Team Work	Practical	Professional
Have the ability to work in, lead, support and motivate a	Observation	Discussion
diverse team. Understand their role within the team and		
their impact on others. Promote good working relationships,		
reduce, manage and report conflict within the team when		
necessary. Contribute to and support the training and		
development of others.		
CB5 (*): Communication	Practical	Professional
Respect the need for confidentiality and adhere to data	Observation	Discussion
protection policies. Confidently and respectfully		
communicate with all colleagues, visitors, clients and industry		
specialists. Show good interpersonal skills and accurately		
report any concerns, incidents and abnormalities. Know		
when to ask for, offer and give advice and guidance. Use		
social media responsibly.		

Route Specific Knowledge (K) and Skills (S) to be assessed (The apprentice will select one of five specialised routes)

Breeding Specific Knowledge to be assessed	PRIMARY AND SECONDARY METHODS OF ASSESSMENT	
BK1 : Pedigrees, stud contracts, Codes of Practice, veterinary	Knowledge Test	Professional
certificates and the importance of accurate, confidential		Discussion
recording in a global industry.		
BK2 : Reproductive anatomy and physiology of both sexes;	Knowledge Test	Professional
gestation and parturition processes.		Discussion
BK3: Artificial manipulation of the reproductive processes	Knowledge Test	Professional
and common veterinary and studwork techniques.		Discussion
BK4: The benefits and drawbacks of natural and non-natural	Knowledge Test	Professional
covering methods including artificial insemination		Discussion
techniques, embryo transfer and semen collection,		
evaluation and freezing.		
BK5: Routine management of all breeding and youngstock at	Knowledge Test	Professional
grass or stabled throughout the year to include weaning		Discussion
methods and issues.		

Page **14** of **45**

Controlled by:	Created/Updated:	Version:
EPAO	06/10/2023	v1.0

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BK6: Foaling and the care of mares and neonates to include	Knowledge Test	Professional
the management of emergency foaling situations and		Discussion
fostering.		
BK7: Common developmental issues in foals and growing	Knowledge Test	Professional
youngstock.		Discussion
Breeding Specific Skills to be assessed	PRIMARY AN	D SECONDARY
	METHODS O	F ASSESSMENT
BS1: Use correct terminology, paperwork, pedigree	Practical	Professional
knowledge and hygiene practices within regular studwork.	Observation	Discussion
BS2: Assist with recording breeding information as	Practical	Professional
appropriate.	Observation	Discussion
BS3: Be able to tease and make recommendations on	Practical	Professional
subsequent actions. Assist with the preparation for	Observation	Discussion
coverings.		
BS4 (*): Prepare a foaling environment and assist during	Practical	Professional
normal foaling, to include examination of the placenta.	Observation	Discussion
Recognise non-normal foaling events and the actions to be		
taken.		
BS5: Manage, monitor and maintain routine care, well-being	Practical	Professional
and handling of breeding and youngstock.	Observation	Discussion
BS6 (*): Assist with successful weaning processes and	Practical	Professional
implement fostering programmes and care of orphan foals.	Observation	Discussion
BS7: Monitor, maintain and manage the health and well-	Practical	Professional
being of breeding and youngstock.	Observation	Discussion
BS8: Present a male horse correctly for inspection.	Practical	Professional
	Observation	Discussion
Driving Specific Knowledge to be assessed	PRIMARY AN	D SECONDARY
	METHODS OI	FASSESSMENT
DK1 : The correct use of full, breast and empathy collars,	Knowledge Test	Professional
open and quick release tugs and a variety of driving bits.		Discussion
DK2: All parts of a single set of modern composite	Knowledge Test	Professional
competition harness including modern adaptations for		Discussion
specific competition vehicles.		
DK3 : The fit of a variety of single harness to two and four	Knowledge Test	Professional
wheeled vehicles and correct fit of pairs harness.		Discussion
DK4 : The cleaning of competition harness including patent	Knowledge Test	Professional
leather and brass furniture (buckles) to show/ presentation		Discussion
standard.		
DK5: The cleaning and presentation of vehicles for	Knowledge Test	Professional
competition to show/ presentation standard including		Discussion
appropriate storage.		

DK6: The extensive requirements of equipment for a show/	Knowledge Test	Professional
turn out including listing all necessary equipment for drivers,		Discussion
horses, carriages and portable stabling.		
DK7 : The clothing requirements for both driver and groom	Knowledge Test	Professional
for showing/ driving/ trials/ pleasure driving.		Discussion
Driving Specific Skills to be assessed	PRIMARY AN	D SECONDARY
	METHODS OI	ASSESSMENT
DS1 : Prepare a turnout for exercise and competition.	Practical	Professional
	Observation	Discussion
DS2 : Harness up and put to with an assistant a pair turnout.	Practical	Professional
	Observation	Discussion
DS3 : Drive a single turnout in a training area and on the	Practical	Professional
highway demonstrating safe rein handling and whip use.	Observation	Discussion
School the turnout in basic correct way of going.		
DS4: Exercise horses/ponies in a non driving environment,	Practical	Professional
including being able to lunge or long-rein in an enclosed area	Observation	Discussion
to improve the horse and to maintain and embed the horse		
in correct way of going, using a variety of equipment.		
DS5: Prepare comprehensive equipment lists for shows and	Practical	Professional
events for drivers, horses, carriages and portable stabling.	Observation	Discussion
DS6: Discuss and initiate methods of loading and	Practical	Professional
transportation of equipment.	Observation	Discussion
DS7(*): Design, coordinate and review a fittening and feeding	Practical	Professional
programme for competition turnout including physiotherapy	Observation	Discussion
where necessary.		
DS8: Evaluate the use of specialist equipment in the fittening	Practical	Professional
and training of driving horses	Observation	Discussion
Racing Specific Knowledge to be assessed	PRIMARY AN	D SECONDARY
	METHODS OI	ASSESSMENT
RAK1: The supervision of the Thoroughbred racehorse as a	Knowledge Test	Professional
high performance equine athlete and the specific exercise		Discussion
regimes used in the racing industry to prepare and train		
horses to race.		
RAK2: The early education of the racehorse including the	Knowledge Test	Professional
breaking and training process.		Discussion
RAK3: The effective supervision of horses and staff in the	Knowledge Test	Professional
racing yard, on the gallops, at the races and at public sales		Discussion
venues.		
RAK4: The Orders and Rules of Racing, technical racing terms	Knowledge Test	Professional
and vocabulary, racing industry structure and organisation.		Discussion

RAK5: Racecourse procedures including saddling up and	Knowledge Test	Professional
parade ring protocol		Discussion
Racing Specific Skills to be assessed	PRIMARY AND SECONDARY	
	METHODS OF ASSESSMENT	
RAS1: Handle Thoroughbred racehorses in and out of full	Practical	Professional
training including young horses and those with training	Observation	Discussion
problems.		
RAS2 (*): Contribute to the early education and effective	Practical	Professional
training of the horse to prepare for, and improve racecourse	Observation	Discussion
performance.		
RAS3: Assist in introducing young horses to equipment and	Practical	Professional
tack.	Observation	Discussion
RAS4 (*): Ensure compliance with all industry regulatory	Practical	Professional
requirements at the races or sales.	Observation	Discussion
RAS5 (*): Prepare horses at the race and assist with saddling	Practical	Professional
up and the parade ring procedures.	Observation	Discussion
In addition to the above specialist Racing knowledge and skill	s, Senior Equine Gro	om Apprentices
taking the Racing Route will be required to select one of two	racing pathways as f	follows: -
RAS6 (i) (*):	Practical	Professional
i) Senior Racing Exercise Grooms:	Observation	Discussion
Ride racehorses effectively to improve performance including		
riding at speed, on all types of surface or any type of horse		
including young horses, unfit and race-fit horses and those		
with training problems. Ride alone, in groups and in a string.		
Ride fast work and school horses through the stalls or over		
obstacles. Provide accurate feedback on horse performance.		
Maintain own health and fitness to adhere to industry weight		
requirements and physical demands of riding for up to six		
hours a day.		
RAS6: (ii) (*)	Practical	Professional
ii) Senior Yard Based Grooms:	Observation	Discussion
Contribute to the design, implementation, evaluation and		
modification of individual training programmes for		
racehorses. Assist with preparing a horse to race fitness		
through careful consideration of correct work, feeding and		
healthcare. Assess a horse's current condition, fitness and		
educational needs prior to planning an appropriate work		
programme. Assist with the implementation of training		
programmes. Supervise the effective organisation and		
maintenance of facilities and resources used to train horses		
in the commercial racing premises.		

Riding Specific Knowledge to be assessed	PRIMARY AND SECONDARY METHODS OF ASSESSMENT	
RIK1: The cleaning and preparation of saddlery and	Knowledge Test	Professional
equipment for work and competition to the appropriate		Discussion
standard required.		
RIK2: Different saddlery and equipment requirements for	Knowledge Test	Professional
work and competition.		Discussion
RIK3: The influence of rider position. The principles of	Knowledge Test	Professional
equitation theory.		Discussion
RIK4: The principles of training to include rhythm, balance,	Knowledge Test	Professional
suppleness, straightness and impulsion, the reasons for them		Discussion
and how they influence and develop the horse's way of		
going.		
RIK5: The use of exercises such as transitions, variation of	Knowledge Test	Professional
pace and lateral movements to improve, develop and		Discussion
enhance performance.		
RIK6: The use of exercises over ground poles, understanding	Knowledge Test	Professional
related distances/striding to improve, develop and enhance		Discussion
performance.		
RIK7: The different types of jumps and courses for show	Knowledge Test	Professional
jumping and cross-country.		Discussion
RIK8: The importance of following owner's, employer's and	Knowledge Test	Professional
manager's instructions for schooling or exercising.		Discussion
Riding Specific Skills to be assessed	PRIMARY AN	D SECONDARY
	METHODS OI	ASSESSMENT
RIS1: Clean and prepare equipment for work and	Practical	Professional
competition to the appropriate standard.	Observation	Discussion
RIS2: Prepare horses for work and competition including	Practical	Professional
selecting and fitting correct discipline-specific saddlery and	Observation	Discussion
equipment.		
RIS3: Exercise a variety of horses in all paces with and	Practical	Professional
without stirrups maintaining an established position showing	Observation	Discussion
balance, independence and a supple seat.		
RIS4: Ride horses of varying levels of fitness and training for	Practical	Professional
exercise, understanding the type of work needed to maintain	Observation	Discussion
fitness.		
RIS5: School a variety of fit horses with refined and	Practical	Professional
coordinated aids showing feel, respect and an understanding	Observation	Discussion
of the horse's way of going to develop the horse		
appropriately and according to instruction.		
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RIS6: Ride appropriate exercises including transitions,	Practical	Professional
variation of pace, and lateral movements to improve and	Observation	Discussion
develop work.		
RIS7: Ride a variety of exercises over ground poles at canter,	Practical	Professional
to enable progression to ride, where practical, over a course	Observation	Discussion
of show jumps and cross-country fences, showing confidence		
and control, in a balanced and secure position.		
RIS8 (*): Design, implement and review work and fitness	Practical	Professional
programmes.	Observation	Discussion
Non-Riding Specific Knowledge to be assessed	PRIMARY AN	D SECONDARY
	METHODS OI	F ASSESSMENT
NRK1: The cleaning and preparation of saddlery and	Knowledge Test	Professional
equipment for work and competition to the appropriate		Discussion
standard required.		
NRK2: Different saddlery and equipment requirements for	Knowledge Test	Professional
work and competition.		Discussion
NRK3: The importance and requirements of maintenance	Knowledge Test	Professional
programmes and how to action and implement them.		Discussion
NRK4: The importance of tendering and checking quality of	Knowledge Test	Professional
supplies and suppliers.		Discussion
NRK5: The significance and benefits of promoting the	Knowledge Test	Professional
business through various channels.		Discussion
NRK6: The need for, and methods of diversification and the	Knowledge Test	Professional
on-going impact on the business.		Discussion
NRK7: What is involved in, and how to plan and organise an	Knowledge Test	Professional
event, show or activity.		Discussion
NRK8: The need for, and methods of delivering and	Knowledge Test	Professional
monitoring customer care and satisfaction.		Discussion
NRK9: IT skills and use of current workplace software and	Knowledge Test	Professional
databases.		Discussion
NRK10: Office duties including simple record keeping such as	Knowledge Test	Professional
budgets and staff records.		Discussion
NRK11: The need for, design of and implementation of	Knowledge Test	Professional
programmes for recovery, recuperation and rehabilitation.		Discussion
NRK12: The principles of equitation theory.	Knowledge Test	Professional
		Discussion
Non-Riding Specific Skills to be assessed	PRIMARY AN	D SECONDARY
	METHODS OI	F ASSESSMENT
NRS1: Clean and prepare equipment for work and	Practical	Professional
competition to the appropriate standard.	Observation	Discussion

NRS2: Prepare horses for work and competition including	Practical	Professional
selecting and fitting correct discipline-specific saddlery and	Observation	Discussion
	Observation	Discussion
equipment.		
NRS3 (*): Coordinate and supervise maintenance	Practical	Professional
programmes for the establishment. Monitor the choice and	Observation	Discussion
quality of supplies and suppliers.		
NRS4 (*): Promote the business through word of mouth,	Practical	Professional
advertising, social media and the internet.	Observation	Discussion
NRS5 (*): Plan, organise and implement a variety of events/	Practical	Professional
shows or activities, whilst constantly looking for ways to	Observation	Discussion
diversify and improve the business.		
NRS6: Deliver, monitor, review and improve customer care	Practical	Professional
and satisfaction	Observation	Discussion
NRS7: Carry out office duties including using IT for budgets	Practical	Professional
and record keeping.	Observation	Discussion
NRS8 (*): Implement, record and review a programme for	Practical	Professional
recovery, recuperation or rehabilitation.	Observation	Discussion
NRS9 (*): Design and review work and fitness programmes	Practical	Professional
and implement non-ridden exercise regimes.	Observation	Discussion
NRS10: Prepare and long-rein a horse for exercise.	Practical	Professional
	Observation	Discussion

Appendix B: Grading Descriptors

Grading Descriptors End-point Assessment Method 1: Practical Observation

KSBs	FAIL	PASS	DISTINCTION
	The Apprentice will be deemed to have	The Apprentice will be deemed to have	The Apprentice will be deemed to have
	failed the Practical Observation if they	passed the Practical Observation if they	achieved a Distinction if they provide
	do not provide evidence to meet all the	provide evidence to meet all the	evidence to meet all the Knowledge,
	Knowledge, Skills and Behaviour	Knowledge, Skills and Behaviour	Skills and Behaviour requirements set
	requirements set out for the Practical	requirements set out for the Practical	out for the Practical Observation in
	Observation in Annex 1, or if they	Observation in Annex 1 and meet all of	Annex 1, the pass criteria and also the
	display one or more of the criteria	the criteria below:	additional criteria below:
	below:		
	The Apprentice:	The Apprentice:	The Apprentice:
Safe Working	Lacks the ability to promote, monitor or	Promotes, monitors and maintains safe	Is proactive in implementing
Practices	maintain safe working practices.	working practices at all times and	improvements of all safe working
		complies with current health, safety and	practices, constantly aware and
	Demonstrates a lack of understanding or	security policies and procedures	monitoring the wider working
	is unable to contribute to risk	(including PPE).	environment.
	assessments.		
		Demonstrates an understanding of, and	Has a clear and comprehensive
	Displays a lack of awareness of health	how to appropriately contribute to risk	understanding and actively contributes
	and safety that the Assessor considers to	assessments.	to, advises and educates others on
	endanger themselves, the horse or		safe working practices and risk
			assessments.

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EPAO	06/10/2023	v1.1

	others when carrying out any part of the Practical Observation of the EPA.		
Yard and Field	Lacks the ability to organise yard and	Effectively organises, supervises and	Is organised and proactive with
Routines and	field duties or day-to-day rotas	carries out all yard and field duties, day-	constant attention to detail,
Duties	efficiently.	to-day rotas and routines assuming a role of responsibility and is able to work in,	completing tasks under the time allocated and contributing positively to
	Is unable to engage and communicate effectively when organising or supervising others and when liaising	lead, support and motivate a team, understanding their role and impact on others.	the effective day-to-day working of the establishment.
	with vet, farrier and other visiting		Builds rapport, establishing good
	specialists. Is unable to maintain or organise basic	Engages and communicates appropriately when supervising others and liaising with vet, farrier and other visiting specialists.	interpersonal relationships when communicating or liaising with others.
	yard based records correctly.	vet, farrier and other visiting specialists.	Recommends and actions
	Is unclear how to monitor, maintain or	Maintains and organises basic yard-based records including farrier, worming,	improvements to yard-based records.
	assess the quality of stocks and supplies of feed and bedding.	vaccinations, etc.	In addition to monitoring, maintaining and assessing quality of stocks and
	Is unable to adequately evaluate,	Monitors, maintains and assesses quality	supplies of feed and bedding the
	prepare or maintain stabling or	of stocks and supplies of feed and	Apprentice can also discuss recent
	grassland for horses.	bedding.	developments and new products on
	Demonstrates a lack of confidence and		the market and their relative costs.
	awareness of welfare and safety when	Correctly evaluates, prepares and	
	managing horses.	maintains stabling and grassland for	Puts forward positive suggestions on
		horses.	current stabling and grassland and

Is unclear on disease control and preventative measures.

Is unaware of ways to minimise waste or works without due regard for the environment or sustainability.

Is unable to make an initial assessment of a new horse or unclear on records or assessing health status and admission procedures. Can consistently, safely and confidently manage horses stabled and at grass with empathy and due regard for horse welfare adhering to the Animal Welfare Act.

Can discuss and demonstrate measures to prevent and control the spread of disease.

Coordinates waste minimisation, environmental and sustainable working practices with due regard for reducing, reusing, recycling and disposal of waste.

Selects appropriate techniques and methods that are applied consistently, safely and confidently when supervising admission of a new horse and carries out an initial assessment, to include record keeping and health status.

how their management could be improved.

Displays a comprehensive understanding of different equine diseases and their signs, symptoms and treatment as well as their control and prevention.

Promotes and encourages environmental awareness to ensure others are aware of their environmental responsibilities and aims to continually improve environmental performance by identifying and addressing environmental risk.

Is able to make a detailed and accurate assessment of a new horse, including suitability and possible potential within their new environment, gives clear and comprehensive advice and guidance on admission procedures to assistants and colleagues making suggestions for initial programme of management.

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EPAO	06/10/2023	v1.1

Horse Anatomy,	Has an inadequate recall, omits details	Correctly identifies and describes location	Has a comprehensive knowledge of
Physiology and	or shows errors when identifying or	and function of main superficial muscles	the circulatory, respiratory and
Welfare	describing main superficial muscles or	and structure of the lower leg and foot.	musculoskeletal systems of the horse
	structure of the lower leg and foot.		and the different requirements of
		Correctly assesses and evaluates a horse	conformation, fitness and condition for
	Gives incomplete or incorrect	including conformation, action, condition	various disciplines for work, show, or
	assessment and evaluation of horse, or	and fitness including discussing the	competition.
	is unable to correctly recognise and	circulatory and respiratory systems.	
	discuss conformation, action, condition		Makes accurate and reliable
	or fitness of horse, or discuss the	Correctly assesses welfare (including	judgements with a comprehensive
	circulatory or respiratory system.	health) and can recognise and treat	knowledge and understanding of
		common minor ailments and injuries	welfare, various ailments and injuries
	Gives an inadequate assessment of	according to workplace practices and	and current best practice and protocol
	welfare (including health) or unsure	know when to phone the vet.	for treatment plan and when to refer
	when recognising and treating minor		to the vet.
	ailments and injuries. Unable to follow	Correctly administers first aid and	
	yard practices or unclear when to phone	treatments under veterinary advice to	Is highly organised, efficient and
	the vet.	include poultices, dressings and	proactive, with constant attention to
		bandages.	detail, making a positive contribution
	Is unable to follow veterinary advice or		to the horses' recovery
	unable to correctly administer first aid	Is able to correctly administer permitted	
	treatments.	oral and topical treatments under	
		direction.	
	Is unable to correctly administer oral or		
	topical treatments under direction.		

Confidently and correctly takes Is unclear on procedure for taking temperature, pulse and respiration rates temperature, pulse and respiration rates of the horse and can interpret and or is unable to correctly interpret results discuss the results and their implications. and their implications. Horse Handling, Is unable to correctly identify or use Can correctly identify and use Is able to create a positive, calm appropriate methods when handling or **Care and Welfare** appropriate methods to handle or rapport with a variety of horses and is restraining horses. Lacks practical restrain a horse, demonstrating practical constantly mindful of the horses horsemanship skills or empathy and has horsemanship skills with empathy and natural instincts, mental abilities and insufficient regard for horse welfare or due regard for horse welfare, along with the principles of how horses behave natural instincts, mental abilities and the taking into account the horses' natural and learn, when handling horses using principles of how horses behave and instincts, mental abilities and the appropriate methods of restraint with principles of how horses behave and due regard for horse welfare in all learn. situations including show, competition learn. Is ineffective or unsafe when or public appearance. demonstrating how to prepare horses Can safely and effectively demonstrate for different work, competition or public how to prepare a range of horses for Is highly organised, time efficient and appearance with inefficient use of time different types of work, competition or meticulous with constant attention to or resulting in a poor quality or incorrect public appearance to include appropriate detail using well practiced methods to finish. grooming, clipping*, trimming*, pulling* enhance the appearance of a variety of and plaiting techniques with efficient use horses for show, competition or public Demonstrates inaccuracies when of time to produce a professional correct appearance to positively contribute to recognising or identifying types of shoe the success or benefit of the horse. finish. and hoof balance or is unable to Correctly recognises, identifies and owner or establishment. * demonstrate the correct procedure for discusses types of shoe and hoof

	removal of a shoe in line with current	condition and balance, in a variety of	Has a comprehensive knowledge of
	legislation.	horses and can demonstrate the correct	various types of remedial shoes and
		procedure for removal of a shoe in line	their use for different types of horses
		with current legislation.	and foot conditions. They can also
			confidently discuss the foot and the
			effect of hoof balance on the horse's
			way of going and movement and the
			long-term impact on the welfare,
			comfort and soundness of the horse.
Nutrition & Fitness	Is unclear or omits details when	Can explain factors affecting feeding	Displays a comprehensive
	discussing nutritional requirements and	regimes and can appropriately plan and	understanding of nutritional
	regimes or is unable to correctly plan	implement diets according to horses'	requirements for a wide variety of
	appropriate diets for a variety of horses	nutritional requirements, including	horses and is able to make a positive
	in various types of work.	hydration, for a variety of horses at	contribution to improvements in diet
		different levels of fitness and in various	plans for different horses, taking in to
	Lacks the ability to appropriately	types of work.	account recent industry developments
	organise the feed room or lacks	Is able to appropriately organise the feed	in nutrition and feeding and relevant
	understanding of the organisational	room and take responsibility for stock	products on the market.
	requirements and reasons for stock	rotation according to workplace	
	rotation and usage.	requirements to minimise waste,	Is highly organised, efficient and
		maintain safety and appropriate use of	meticulous and is able to take
	Is unclear on fitness indicators or is	stocks and supplies.	responsibility for the storage of stocks
	unable to assess fitness levels in horses		and supplies and puts forward
	or correctly comment on current		suggestions for possible improvements
	condition of a range of horses.		to the current working environment.

		Can correctly assess current fitness levels	
	Displays insufficient awareness of	and condition for different types of	Clearly demonstrates an excellent level
	different requirements in planning	horses.	of critical assessment and evaluation
	fitness programmes for a variety horses		on fitness levels and condition for
	or lacks due regard for safety or welfare	Can appropriately plan fittening	different types of horses.
	of the horse before, during or after work	programmes, in preparation for a variety	
	or performance. *	of levels of work in different disciplines,	Critically analyses different
		with due regard for the horses welfare	requirements for planning fittening
		throughout the programme, including	programmes potentially leading to
		before, during and after work or	enhanced performance.
		performance. *	
Travelling Horses	Is not fully aware of factors to consider	Efficiently and competently coordinates	Is highly organised and proactive with
	when coordinating the preparation for	the preparation for travelling horses	constant attention to detail when
	travelling horses.	including supplies, equipment etc. with	coordinating the preparation for
		due consideration for destination, length	travelling horses including extensive
	Is unclear on requirements when	and type of journey and number and type	knowledge of different requirements
	planning transportation of horses or	of horses etc. relevant to the workplace.	for a variety of types of journey
	displays a lack of awareness of current		relevant to the workplace.
	guidelines, documentation requirements	Correctly and effectively plans the	
	or procedures.	transportation of horses by road taking	Makes accurate and reliable
		into account current guidelines,	judgements with a comprehensive
	Lacks confidence or does not follow	documentation requirements and	knowledge of current guidelines and
	correct workplace procedure when	procedures.	documentations and understanding of
	preparing a horse for travel or when		potential complications or incidents
	loading or unloading a horse or displays	Confidently and efficiently prepares a	when planning transportation for
	a lack of awareness of safety.	horse for transport, loads and unloads	horses.

		safely following current health and safety	
	Is unaware of safety or lacks empathy or due regard for horse welfare when supervising horses during and after transportation. *	protocol and workplace procedure. Safely and effectively supervises and cares for horses during and after transportation with empathy and due regard for horse welfare. *	Is capable of combining and adapting a range of techniques and adhering to workplace procedure when dealing with inexperienced or difficult loaders, demonstrating excellent leadership and communication skills to ensure a positive outcome, including the safety and welfare of the horse, themselves and others.
			Displays constant attention to detail recognising, preventing and minimising factors that could adversely affect the horses during or after transportation and so positively contributing to horses' comfort and welfare during and after transportation. *
Non-Ridden Exercise	Is unable to prepare for or lacks confidence or control when lunging a horse for exercise. Is unaware or unable to correctly recognise the horses' way of going.	Correctly prepares for and confidently lunges a horse for exercise demonstrating control and understanding of the horses' way of going using various types of equipment safely and appropriately according to workplace policy.	Confidently provides non-ridden exercise, demonstrating improvement in the horses' way of going and makes suggestions for the most appropriate methods and equipment to use, to enhance the long-term training and improvement of the horse.

	Has inadequate knowledge of different		
	equipment used for lunging.	Confidently discusses the benefits and	
		use of different types of non-ridden	
	Is unsafe or does not follow workplace	exercise including long-reining.	
	policy		
Fail: apprentices will	fail where they do not meet all the pass of	riteria	

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EPAO	06/10/2023	v1.1

Grading Descriptors End-point Assessment Method 2: Professional Discussion Informed by Portfolio

KSBs	FAIL	PASS	DISTINCTION
	The Apprentice will be deemed to	The Apprentice will be deemed to have	The Apprentice will be deemed to have
	have Failed the Professional	passed the Professional Discussion if they	achieved a Distinction if they provide
	discussion if they do not provide	provide evidence to meet all the Knowledge,	evidence to meet all the Knowledge, Skills
	evidence to meet all the Knowledge,	Skills and Behaviour requirements set out for	and Behaviour requirements set out for
	Skills and Behaviour requirements	the Professional Discussion informed by the	the Professional Discussion informed by
	set out for the Professional	Portfolio in Annex 1 and all of the criteria	the Portfolio in Annex 1, the pass criteria
	Discussion informed by the Portfolio	below:	and also the additional criteria below:
	in Annex 1, or if they display one or		
	more of the criteria below:		
	The Apprentice:	The Apprentice:	The Apprentice:
	Lacks breadth of knowledge and/or	Gives logical explanations and shows a	Consistently speaks confidently and
	accuracy.	comprehensive understanding of principles	demonstrates understanding of the
		of horsemanship.	different concepts or approaches
	Is unable to give complete	of norsemansing.	associated within their role as a Senior
	explanations of concepts associated	Shows correct use of industry-specific	Equine Groom.
	with horse management.	terminology.	Equite Groom:
			Consistently gives clear, concise and
	Shows incorrect use of industry-	Communicates information logically and is	logical explanations that show full
	specific terminology.	able to respond to any questions accurately	comprehension of the theories and
	Shows misunderstanding, gives	showing reasonable breadth of knowledge.	reasoning behind decisions taken showing
	illogical answers or guesses.		the ability to apply correct procedures in
			all situations.

Page **30** of **45**

Controlled by:	Created/Updated:	Version:
EPAO	06/10/2023	v1.1

Shows incorrect or poor	Is able to provide answers that are factually	Confidently discusses ways in which they
understanding of key practices and	correct and adequately tailored to the area	have positively contributed to the
principles within the industry.	under discussion with minimal prompting.	effective working of the establishment.
Fails to demonstrate the	Offers responses providing evidence of	
communication skills required.	experience, knowledge and understanding.	
	Confidently discusses their experience of	
	organising, supervising, monitoring and	
	supporting others.	
	Conducts themselves in a professional	
	manner and is able to communicate	
	effectively showing respect throughout.	

Grading Descriptors – Senior Equine Groom Routes

FAIL	PASS	DISTINCTION
The apprentice will be deemed to	The apprentice will be deemed to have	The apprentice will be deemed to have
have failed the Practical Observation	Passed the Practical Observation if they	achieved a Distinction if they provide
if they do not provide evidence to	provide evidence to meet all the Knowledge,	evidence to meet all the Knowledge, Skills
meet all the Knowledge, Skills and	Skills and Behaviour requirements set out for	and Behaviour requirements set out for
Behaviour requirements set out for	the Practical Observation in Appendix B and	the Practical Observation in Appendix B,
the Practical Observation in	meet all of the criteria below: -	

Page **31** of **45**

Controlled by:	Created/Updated:	Version:
EPAO	06/10/2023	v1.1

	Appendix B, or if they display one or		the pass criteria and also the additional
	more of the criteria below: -		criteria below: -
	The Apprentice:	The Apprentice:	The Apprentice:
Breeding	Does not use or know the correct	Uses correct terminology, paperwork,	Is highly efficient and proactive in using
	terminology, paperwork, pedigree	pedigree knowledge and hygiene practices	correct terminology, paperwork, pedigree
	knowledge and hygiene practices	within regular stud work.	knowledge and hygiene practices within
	within regular stud work.		regular stud work.
		Is able to efficiently assist with the recording	
	Is unable to effectively assist with	of breeding information as appropriate.	Is meticulous in assisting with recording
	recording breeding information as		breeding information as appropriate.
	appropriate.	Is able to confidently tease and make	Is highly organised and prepared when
		recommendations on subsequent actions.	overseeing the teasing process and makes
	Lacks confidence and is unable to	Can efficiently assist with the preparation for	recommendations on subsequent actions.
	follow teasing practices and make	coverings.	
	recommendations on subsequent		Can confidently organise the preparation
	actions.	Efficiently prepares a foaling environment	for coverings and discuss in detail the
		and is able to assist during normal foaling, to	processes to be followed and action to be
	Is unable to provide practical, safe	include examination of the placenta. Is able	taken, if all does not go to plan. Is
	assistance with the preparation for	to recognise non-normal foaling events and	efficient, proactive and meticulous in
	coverings.	the actions to be taken. *	preparing a foaling environment and
			provides positive and constructive
	Is unable to effectively prepare a	Has knowledge of some foaling associated	assistance during normal foaling, to
	foaling environment and assist	difficulties and the necessary actions to be	include examination of the placenta. *
	during normal foaling, include	taken. *	
	examination of the placenta. Does		

not recognise non-normal foaling events and the actions to be taken. *

Has little knowledge and has not researched foaling-associated difficulties. *

Is unable to manage, monitor or maintain routine care, well-being or handling of breeding and youngstock. *

Lacks knowledge and skills to assist with successful weaning processes and implement fostering programmes and care of orphan foals and has not studied the subject. *

Lacks confidence when dealing with young horses and fails to follow correct and safe working practices.

Is unable to accurately monitor, maintain and manage the health and

Is able to confidently manage, monitor and maintain routine care, well-being and handling of breeding and youngstock.

Assists with successful weaning processes and implement fostering programmes and care of orphan foals. *

Is able to confidently monitor, maintain and manage the health and well-being of breeding and youngstock.

Presents a male horse correctly for inspection.

Is able to communicate well with colleagues with regard to day-to-day activities.

Has a good knowledge of safe working practices both for self and colleagues when working with mares, stallions and youngstock.

Is able to confidently discuss non-normal foaling events and the actions to be taken.

Is organised, efficient and structured in the management, monitoring and maintenance of routine care, well-being and handling of breeding and youngstock.

Is confident and ordered in planning the successful weaning processes and in implementing fostering programmes and care of orphan foals.

Is organised, communicative and confident when monitoring, maintaining and managing the health and well-being of breeding and youngstock.

Is proactive and meticulous in the correct preparation and presentation of a male horse for inspection.

Demonstrates excellent communication and leadership skills to keep other colleagues aware of day-to-day activities.

Page 33 of 45

Controlled by:	Created/Updated:	Version:
EPAO	06/10/2023	v1.1

	well-being of breeding and		
	youngstock.		Leads and implements excellent safe
			working practices both for self and
	Is unable to present a male horse		colleagues when working with mares,
	correctly for inspection.		stallions and youngstock.
	Lacks confidence with		
	communicating with colleagues		
	about day-today activities.		
	Fails to follow safe working practices		
	both for self and colleagues when		
	working with mares, stallions and		
	youngstock.		
Driving	Is unable to efficiently prepare a	Can efficiently prepare a turnout for exercise	Is highly organised, time efficient and
	turnout for exercise or competition	and competition. Harness up and put to with	meticulous with constant attention to
	or is unable to correctly harness up	an assistant, a pair turnout.	detail, using well practiced methods and
	and put to with an assistant, a pair		makes relevant adjustments to fit of
	turnout.	Is able to confidently drive a single turnout in	harness when harnessing up and putting
		a training area and on the highway,	to a pair turnout.
	Is unable to confidently drive a single	demonstrating safe rein handling and whip	
	turnout in a training area or on the	use. School the turnout in basic correct way	Shows a consistent rapport and harmony
	highway demonstrating unsafe rein	of going.	with a variety of horses in all situations,
	handling or whip use. Is unclear or		displaying extensive knowledge and
	unable to school the turnout in basic	Is able to exercise horses/ponies in a non	practical experience when driving,
	correct way of going.	driving environment, including being able to	selecting appropriate exercises to enhance

Is unable to appropriately exercise horses/ponies in a non driving environment, including being unable to appropriately lunge or long rein in an enclosed area to improve the horse or to maintain and embed the horse in correct way of going, using a variety of equipment.

Is unable to prepare appropriate equipment lists for shows or events for drivers, horses, carriages or portable stabling.

Is unable to correctly discuss or initiate methods of loading or transportation of equipment.

Displays insufficient evidence of designing, coordinating or reviewing a fittening or feeding programme for competition turnout. *

lunge or long rein in an enclosed area to improve the horse and to maintain and embed the horse in correct way of going, using a variety of equipment.

Can prepare comprehensive equipment lists for shows and events for drivers, horses, carriages and portable stabling.

Can discuss and initiate methods of loading and transportation of equipment.

Can design, coordinate and review a fittening and feeding programme for competition turnout including physiotherapy where necessary. *

Is able to evaluate the use of specialist equipment in the fittening and training of driving horses.

the horses' way of going or training, while being able to follow instruction and accept guidance or criticism.

Is highly organised and meticulous when preparing equipment lists and has extensive knowledge of the range of stabling found at different venues and appropriate biosecurity measures to be taken. The Apprentice is able to check all equipment and organise relevant repairs, displaying a constant attention to detail.

Is able to take full responsibility for loading and securing all equipment to industry standard.

Controlled by:	Created/Updated:	Version:
EPAO	06/10/2023	v1.1

	Is unable to evaluate the use of specialist equipment in the fittening or training of driving horses.		
Racing	Lacks confidence and ability handling Thoroughbred racehorses in and out of full training including young horses and those with training problems.	Is able to confidently handle Thoroughbred racehorses in and out of full training, including young horses and those with training problems.	Consistently handles Thoroughbred racehorses in and out of full training including young horses and those with training problems in a highly efficient manner, confidently, with assurance and
	Is unable to effectively and positively contribute to the early education and effective training of the horse to prepare for, and improve racecourse	Can positively contribute to the early education and effective training of the horse to prepare for, and improve racecourse performance. *	able to act swiftly when horses react in different ways. Is proactive and empathetic when assisting in introducing young horses to
	performance. *	Appropriately assists in introducing young horses to equipment and tack.	equipment and tack. *
	Is unable to adequately assist in introducing young horses to equipment and tack.	Ensures compliance with all industry regulatory requirements at the races or sales.	Can confidently discuss rules, regulations and requirements for racing relevant to the workplace.
	Fails to comply with all industry regulatory requirements at the races or sales. * Is unable to adequately prepare horses at the races or assist with saddling up and the parade ring	Is able to prepare horses at the race and assist with saddling up and the parade ring procedures. *	Is proactive and meticulous in the preparation of horses at the race and assisting with saddling up and the parade ring procedures. *

procedures in line with industry timescales or correct procedures. *

In addition to the above specialist Racing knowledge and skills, Senior Equine Groom Apprentices taking the Racing Route will be required to select one of two racing pathways as follows: -

i) Racing Exercise Groom

Is unable to clean and prepare equipment or horses for work or exercise to the appropriate standard or within the allocated time.

Is unable to select or fit appropriate equipment for work or exercise.

Is unable to maintain an established position or lacks security when riding.

Is unable to safely or confidently ride (alone or in a group) horses of varying levels of fitness or is unclear on the type of work needed to maintain fitness. *

Can confidently demonstrate the riding of racehorses effectively to improve performance including riding at speed, on all types of surface or any type of horse, including young horses, unfit and race fit horses and those with training problems.

Is able to ride alone, in groups and in a string.

Is able to ride fast work and school horses through the stalls or over obstacles. *

Provides accurate feedback on horse's performance.

Maintains own health and fitness to adhere to industry weight requirements and physical demands of riding for up to six hours a day. Is highly organised, time efficient and meticulous with constant attention to detail, using well practiced methods to prepare horses for exercise and/or work.

Shows a consistent rapport and harmony with a variety of horses in all situations, displaying extensive knowledge and practical experience when selecting and riding appropriate exercises to enhance the horses' way of going. *

Applies clear, refined, coordinated aids, while being able to follow instruction and accept guidance or criticism.

Is able to confidently discuss the current level of training and fitness, critically evaluate the horse's way of going and suggest ways of enhancing and furthering

Page 37 of 45

Controlled by:	Created/Updated:	Version:
EPAO	06/10/2023	v1.1

Is unable to school a variety of the horse's training in the short and long horses or lacks coordination and term. refinement of aids. * Can confidently discuss rules, regulations and requirements for racing relevant to Displays a lack of understanding of the horse's way of going or is unable the workplace. to develop the horse appropriately or according to instruction. Always rides/works in a way to promote horse's welfare when riding, helping to Lacks confidence, control, balance or advise or educate others. * security when riding fast work and schooling horses through the stalls Demonstrates the value of maintaining a or over obstacles. * balanced diet and fitness regime to meet the physical demands of riding for up to Is unable to provide clear and six hours a day. accurate feedback on a horse's performance after exercise. Does not maintain own health and fitness to adhere to industry weight requirements and physical demands of riding for up to six hours a day. ii) Racing Yard Based Groom Is unable to clean and prepare Is able to contribute to the design, Is highly organised, time efficient and equipment or horses for work or implementation and modification of meticulous with constant attention to exercise within the allocated time. individual training programmes for methods when contributing to the design, racehorses.

	Is unable to select or fit appropriate		implementation and modification of
	equipment for work or exercise.	Is able to appropriately assist with preparing	training programmes for racehorses.
		a horse to race fitness, through careful	
	Is unable to adequately monitor the	consideration of correct work, feeding and	Can demonstrate effectively and
	choice, cost, quantity or quality of	healthcare.	efficiently how to assist with preparing a
	supplies or is unable to maintain an		horse to race fitness through careful
	effective working relationship with	Is able to accurately assess a horse's current	consideration of correct work, feeding and
	suppliers.	condition, fitness and educational needs prior	healthcare. *
		to planning an appropriate work programme.	
	Is unable to appropriately		Is proactive and highly understanding of
	implement, record or review a	Assists with the implementation of training	recovery, recuperation and rehabilitation
	programme for recovery,	programmes. *	for a wide variety of horses and their
	recuperation or rehabilitation or	Supervises the effective organisation and	associated injuries or problems and can
	lacks due regard for safety or	maintenance of facilities and resources used	confidently discuss the role of a range of
	welfare of the horse. *	to train horses in the commercial racing	health care professionals within the
		premises. *	recovery programme. *
	Is unable to adequately or		,,, ,
	appropriately design, review work or		
	fitness programmes or is unable to		
	appropriately implement non-ridden		
	exercise regimes or lacks due regard		
	for safety or welfare of the horse. *		
	·		
Riding	Is unable to clean and prepare	Can demonstrate how to clean and prepare	Is highly organised, time efficient and
	equipment or horses for work or	equipment for work and competition to the	meticulous, with constant attention to
	competition to the appropriate		detail, using well practiced methods to

standard or within the allocated time.

Is unable to select or fit appropriate equipment for work or competition.

Is unable to maintain an established position or lacks security when riding with or without stirrups.

Is unable to safely or confidently ride horses of varying levels of fitness or is unclear on the type of work needed to maintain fitness.

Is unable to school a variety of horses or lacks coordination and refinement of aids. Displays a lack of understanding of the horses' way of going or is unable to develop the horse appropriately or according to instruction.

Is unable to discuss, select or ride appropriate exercises to improve or develop the horses work or is

appropriate standard within the allocated time.

Can efficiently and confidently prepare horses for work and competition including selecting and fitting correct discipline specific saddlery and equipment within the allocated time.

Can ride a variety of horses for exercise in all paces with and without stirrups maintaining an established position, showing balance, independence and a supple seat.

Is able to safely and confidently ride horses of varying levels of fitness and training for exercise, understanding the type of work needed to maintain fitness.

Is able to school a variety of fit horses with refined and coordinated aids showing feel, respect and an understanding of the horse's way of going to develop the horse appropriately and according to instruction.

enhance the appearance of the horse and appropriate equipment in preparation for work or competition, that could potentially contribute to the success or benefit of the horse, owner or establishment.

Shows a consistent rapport and harmony with a variety of horses in all situations, displaying extensive knowledge and practical experience when selecting and riding appropriate exercises to enhance the horses' way of going or training, applying clear, refined, coordinated aids, while being able to follow instruction and accept guidance or criticism.

Is able to confidently discuss the current level of training and fitness, critically evaluate the horse's way of going and suggest ways of enhancing and furthering the horse's training in the short and long-term.

Controlled by:	Created/Updated:	Version:
EPAO	06/10/2023	v1.1

unclear on the understanding of the principles of training.

Lacks confidence, control, balance or security when working over ground poles, show jumps or cross-country fences where applicable.
Is unable to adequately or appropriately design, implement or review work or fitness programmes or lacks due regard for safety or welfare of the horse before, during or after work or performance. *

Is able to discuss, select and ride appropriate exercises according to the principles of training, including transitions, variation of pace and lateral movements to improve and develop the horse's work.

Is able to ride a variety of exercises over ground poles at canter showing confidence and control, in a balanced and secure position

And where practical,

- Ride a course of 8 show jump fences ranging in height from 85cm to a maximum 1m (a minimum of 2 fences at 1m); to include a double, related distance, two changes of direction and 3 spread fences showing confidence and control, in a balanced and secure position
- And ride a course of 8 varied cross country fences up to a height of 90cm showing confidence and control, in a balanced and secure position.

Can confidently discuss rules, regulations and requirements for show or competition relevant to the workplace.

Has a clear understanding of distances and stride lengths used when working with ground poles and over fences both when schooling or in preparation for, or when competing. Is able to work the horse in the most appropriate canter for the discipline i.e. show jumping or cross country and discuss the quality of the canter in relation to jumping and the level the horse is working at.

Always rides/works in a way to promote horse's welfare when riding, helping to advise or educate others.

Controlled by:	Created/Updated:	Version:
EPAO	06/10/2023	v1.1

		Can design, implement and review appropriate fittening programmes in preparation for a variety of levels of work in different disciplines, with due regard for the horses' welfare throughout the programme, including before, during and after work or performance. *	
Non-Riding	Is unable to clean or prepare equipment or horses for work or	Can demonstrate how to clean and prepare equipment for work and competition to the	Is highly organised, time efficient and meticulous with constant attention to
	competition to the appropriate	appropriate standard within the allocated	detail, using well practiced methods to
	standard or within the allocated	time.	enhance the appearance of the horse and
	time.		appropriate equipment in preparation for
		Can efficiently and confidently prepare	work or competition, that could positively
	Is unable to select or fit appropriate	horses for work and competition, including	contribute to the success or benefit of the
	equipment for work or competition.	selecting and fitting correct discipline specific saddlery and equipment within the allocated	horse, owner or establishment.
	Lacks the ability to effectively coordinate or supervise	time.	Is able to identify and recognise changing priorities and limiting factors that could
	maintenance programmes for the	Is able to effectively recognise, coordinate	affect the implementation of short and
	establishment. *	and supervise maintenance programmes for the establishment. *	long-term maintenance programmes, to positively benefit and improve the
	Is unable to adequately monitor the		establishment. *
	choice, cost, quantity or quality of	Can responsibly, professionally and	
	supplies or is unable to maintain an	effectively promote the business through	Demonstrates the ability to build relationships and negotiate with suppliers

effective working relationship with suppliers.

Lacks professionalism, uses inappropriate content or is ineffective when promoting the business. *

Is unable to effectively plan, organise or implement events, shows or activities that are appropriate for the business. *

Is unable to effectively deliver, monitor, review or improve customer care or satisfaction.

Is unsure of, or inefficient when carrying out office duties.

Is unable to appropriately implement, record or review a programme for recovery, recuperation or rehabilitation or lacks due regard for safety or welfare of the horse.

word of mouth, advertising, social media and the Internet. *

Is able to effectively monitor the choice, cost, quantity and quality of supplies relative to the establishment and maintain an effective working relationship with suppliers.

Can effectively plan, organise and implement a variety of events/ shows or activities appropriate to the establishment, whilst constantly looking for ways to improve and appropriately diversify the business. *

Is able to effectively deliver, monitor, review and improve customer care and satisfaction, demonstrating the ability to communicate appropriately and respectfully to ensure positive customer experience.

Can confidently and efficiently carry out office duties including using IT for budgets and recordkeeping relevant to the workplace.

Can appropriately implement, record and review a programme for recovery,

to maintain quality of supplies, whilst improving on price but not limiting choice.

Shows personal initiative and has a clear and comprehensive short and long-term plan to positively improve or appropriately diversify the business including effective business promotion, advertising strategy and event planning. *

Is able to listen to and understand challenging customers and identify and select appropriate responses, to develop customer relationships and deliver solutions to meet customer needs and expectations when under pressure, whilst adhering to workplace protocol.

Is proactive and highly organised and is able to prioritise office duties and identify and make suggestions for improvements to current procedures, recognising the immediate and longterm positive or negative impact and benefits to the wider business.

Page 43 of 45

Controlled by:	Created/Updated:	Version:
EPAO	06/10/2023	v1.1

Is unable to adequately or appropriately design, review work or fitness programmes or is unable to appropriately implement non-ridden exercise regimes or lacks due regard for safety or welfare of the horse. *

Is unable to prepare for or lacks confidence when lunging a horse for exercise or is unsafe or does not follow workplace policy. recuperation or rehabilitation with due regard for the horse's welfare throughout the programme. *

Is able to effectively design and review work and fitness programmes and implement non-ridden exercise regimes according to workplace procedures with due regard for horse welfare. *

Correctly prepares for and confidently longreins a horse for exercise demonstrating control and understanding of the horse's way of going using appropriate equipment according to workplace policy. Displays a comprehensive understanding of recovery, recuperation and rehabilitation for a wide variety of horses and their associated injuries or problems and can confidently discuss the role of a range of health- care professionals within the recovery programme.

Controlled by:	Created/Updated:	Version:
EPAO	06/10/2023	v1.1

End-point Assessment Method 3: Knowledge Test

Grading

Test mark will determine whether apprentice achieved fail, pass, or distinction grading boundaries The following grade boundaries apply to the knowledge test:

A mark out of 70 will be awarded for the Knowledge Test. The Apprentice must achieve a minimum pass mark of 70% in order to proceed to the Practical Observation, Professional Discussion informed by the Portfolio. A mark of 90% or above will result in a distinction grade.

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Page **45** of **45**

Controlled by:	Created/Updated:	Version:
EPAO	06/10/2023	v1.1